Stafford Street Reconstruction and Safety Improvements

April 22, 2024



Department of Transportation & Mobility

Department of Public Works & Parks

STAFFORD STREET Project Overview

- 1. Street Resurfacing
- 2. Sidewalk Reconstruction and Missing Sections
- 3. Pedestrian Safety & Access Improvements
 - Eliminate gaps in the sidewalk network
 - Provide additional crosswalks across Stafford St and sidestreets
 - Improve ADA compliance
 - Add curb extensions at primary crossings
 - Install Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFBs) and improved signage

4. Pavement Marking Plan

- "Right size" travel lanes
- Define and clarify curbside parking locations
- Establish bicycle accommodations
- Identify bus stops & improve transit service

5. Future Needs

Improvements at James St and Main St/Park Ave intersections.



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- 1. Street Resurfacing Occurs at the end of the project
- 2. Sidewalk Reconstruction and Missing Sections Began Dec. 2023/ongoing
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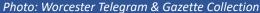




STAFFORD STREETRoadway Characteristics

- Right-of-way
 - Generally, 64 ft wide
 - 40 to 44 feet "curb to curb"
 - Two 22' travel lanes.
 - Non-defined parking lanes on each side.
 - Sidewalks on both sides
 - Generally poor condition
 - Lacks ADA compliance
 - Gaps in sidewalk network
 - No street trees
 - Few crosswalks
 - No bike accommodations







STAFFORD STREET WRTA Bus Service

- Bus routes 27 and 825
- Closely spaced bus stops
- Lack of crosswalks
- Stop locations are not ADA compliant
- Previous Shelter near Webster Sq Plaza blocks sidewalk







STAFFORD STREETRoadway Characteristics

- Minor Urban Arterial
- > Regulatory (posted) Speed limit is 35 mph (25 mph at James St intersection)
- Designated Truck Route

	Avg Daily Traffic	Avg Speed	85 th Percentile*
Leicester TL – Ludlow St	6,450	39 mph	44 mph
Ludlow St – James St	11,920	32 mph	37 mph
James St – Heard St	10,520	34 mph	40 mph
Heard St – Main St	12,200	32 mph	38 mph

^{*}Speed at which 15% of traffic is traveling at or above



STAFFORD STREET Crash Locations

>2019-2023 5-year crash history

- 223 crashes 2019-2023
 - 41% angle crashes
 - 22% rear-end crashes
 - 8% single vehicle
 - 5% head-on
- 4 pedestrians struck by vehicles
 - 1 child in a crosswalk killed by vehicle
- 20% at night
- 28% of crashes resulted in injury

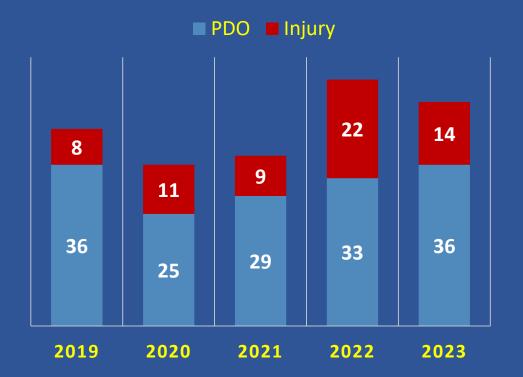




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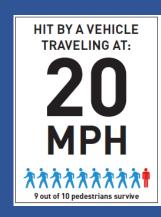
- MassDOT Crash Portal
- 8.47 crashes per million vehiclemiles (CPMVM)
- 284% higher than statewide average for Urban Minor Arterials (2.98 CPMVM)
- 29% of crashes resulted in injury
- Top 5% intersection crash clusters
 - Heard St 2018-2020
 - Main St/Park Ave 2017-2019
 - James St 2016-2018

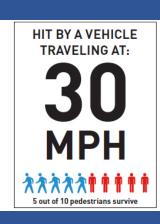


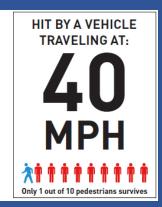


STAFFORD STREET Existing conditions and deficiencies

- > Safety Concerns ('Dangerous by Design')
 - Roadway width contributes to high motor vehicle speeds and high crash rate
 - Despite 22' width, vehicles park on sidewalk to avoid speeding vehicles
 - Crosswalks lack ADA compliant ramps
 - Lack of safe crosswalks, including at public transit stops
 - Gaps in sidewalk network and some sidewalk segments in poor condition
 - No dedicated space for cyclists











STAFFORD STREETHow do we improve safety?

- > Reduce traffic speeds
 - Define travel lanes & proper width with pavement markings
 - > Curb extensions
 - Periodically shift travel lanes (chicaning) for parking
- > Provide dedicated space for all modes
- > Improve Pedestrian Facilities
 - > ADA compliant sidewalks & ramps
 - > Curb extensions
 - Signage
 - ➤ Rectangular Rapid Flashing
 Beacons at crosswalks







STAFFORD STREETHow do we improve operations?

- Proper travel lane widths
- ➤ Improved Lane management at intersections
- Dedicated curbside parking lanes
- > Define dedicated space for all modes
 - ➤ Carry bike lane through intersection with high visibility green markings
- > WRTA Bus Service
 - ➤ Define stop locations with signage and pavement markings







LOCAL POLICY GUIDELINES

COMPLETE STREETS POLICY (2017)

- Incorporates Complete Streets principles into the planning, design, construction, maintenance, and operation of its streets, transportation infrastructure, and transportation services
- Applies to all street and transportation projects requiring funding or approval by the City, and to the extent allowed by law, those projects funded by state and federal government sources.
- Requires the accommodation of all travel modes, including but not limited to walking, cycling, motor vehicles, etc.
- Provides for the safe and convenient use by people of all ages, economic status and abilities.
- Implemented through a combination of coordinated actions, ranging from incremental changes to major capital improvements.

MOBILITY ACTION PLAN (2024)

GREEN WORCESTER PLAN (2021)

- ACTION ITEM 3: Connectivity: Make connected networks an explicit goal of City of Worcester transportation planning. Maximize connectivity to move people – not just vehicles – between destinations.
- ACTION ITEM 12: Complete Streets Policy: Implement the policy by developing a priority plan for designing roadway spacé for all users.
- ACTION ITEM 13: Micromobility Plan: Develop and
 - Implement a Pedestrian, Bicycle, and Micromobility Plan.

 Identify and implement bicycle networks to support non-commuter short trips under 3 miles to central and neighborhood commercial areas, parks, and other neighborhood destinations.
 - Use safety data to identify and prioritize for improvements to the most hazárdous routes and intersections that discourage routine travel by bicyclists and pedestrians, and include education for

VISION ZERO PLAN (2024)



DESIGN GUIDANCE

- Federal Highway Administration
 - Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), Safe System Approach Guidance, Guide for the Planning, Design, and Operation of Pedestrian Facilities, other policies and directives
- United States & Massachusetts Architectural Access Boards
 - Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Accessibility Standards, Public Rights-of-Way Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG)
- National Association of City Transportation Officials (NACTO)
 - > Transit Street Design Guide, Urban Street Design Guide, Urban Bikeway Design Guide
- American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)
 - ➤ Guide for the Planning, Design, and Operation of Pedestrian Facilities, A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets
- Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT)
 - Procedures for Speed Zoning on State Highways and Municipal Roads, Safe Speeds Technical Toolkit, Separated Bike Lane Planning & Design Guide, other guidance policies and directives
- Industry Best Practices
 - Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE), AARP Livable Communities, Arbor Day Foundation, WHO Age-friendly Cities Framework



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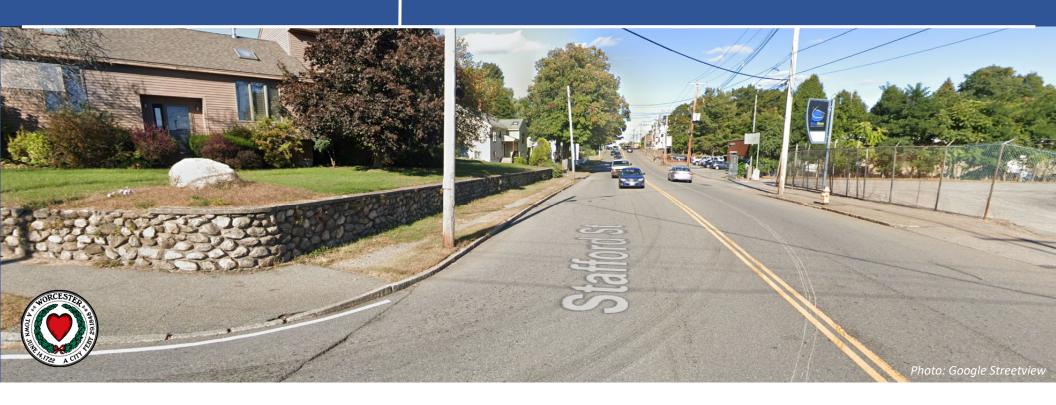


5. Future Needs

Improvements at James St and Main St/Park Ave intersections.

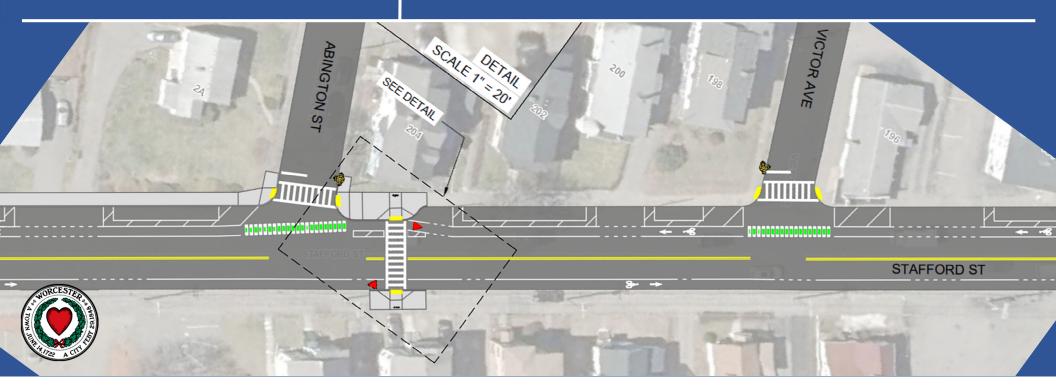
STAFFORD STREET Pedestrian Safety & Access

- Eliminate gaps in the sidewalk network
 - Extend sidewalks to Kettle Brook/Worcester Academy Fields (north side)
 - Connect sidewalks between Ludlow St and Abington St (north side)



Crosswalks and ADA ramps

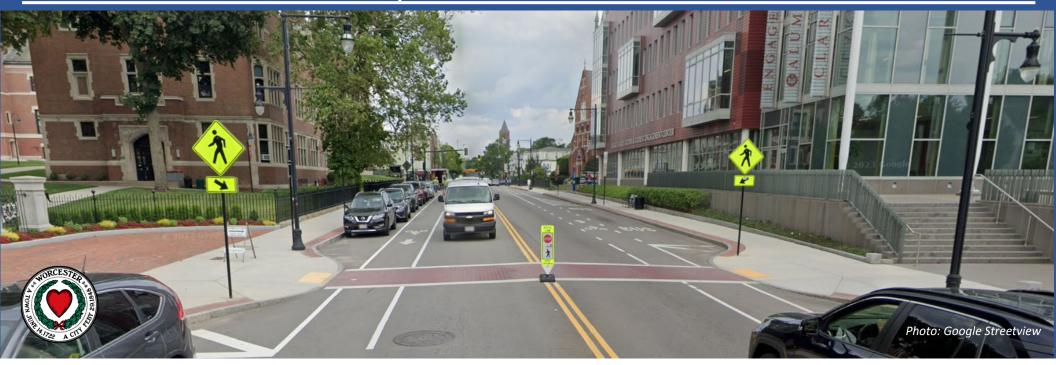
- Crosswalk painted for all side streets
- New Stafford St crosswalks and MUTCD compliant signage at Ludlow St, Abington St, Eureka St.
- ADA compliant ramps at all intersections and crosswalks



- Crosswalks and ADA ramps
 - Remove crosswalk at Webster Square Plaza near Heard St (coordinate with bus stop location).



- Curb extensions & Signage
 - Curb extensions provided at crosswalk locations where a parking lane is present
 - Abington St (north side), Eureke St (south side), Verner St (north side), Webster Sq Plaza (south side), Young St (north side), Washburn House (north side).
 - Signage to improve visibility of the crosswalk



- Rapid Flashing Beacons (RRFBs)
 - Studies indicate 98% increased yield rate by motor vehicles and 47% reduction in pedestrian crashes.
 - RRFBs at Kettle Brook/Energy Athletics (privately funded), Abington St, Eureka St, Webster Square Plaza, Young St.
 - "Installation ready" at other crosswalk locations.



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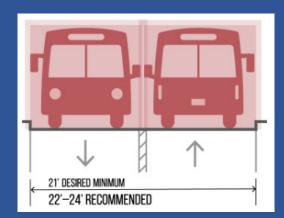
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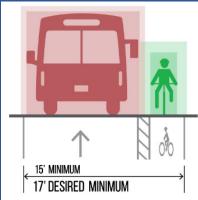
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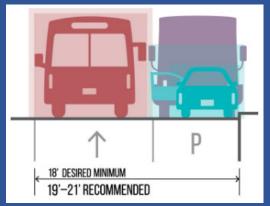
- "Right Size" Travel Lane width
 - Current best practice is to use 10 to 11 ft wide lanes on urban streets.
 - Current lanes are unmarked and 22 ft wide.

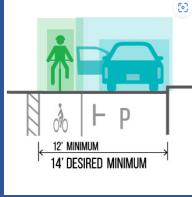


- "Right Size" Travel Lane width
 - Stafford St accommodates both truck and bus traffic.
 - Proposed design utilizes lanes at 10 ½ ft or 11 ft depending on available width use of adjacent space.





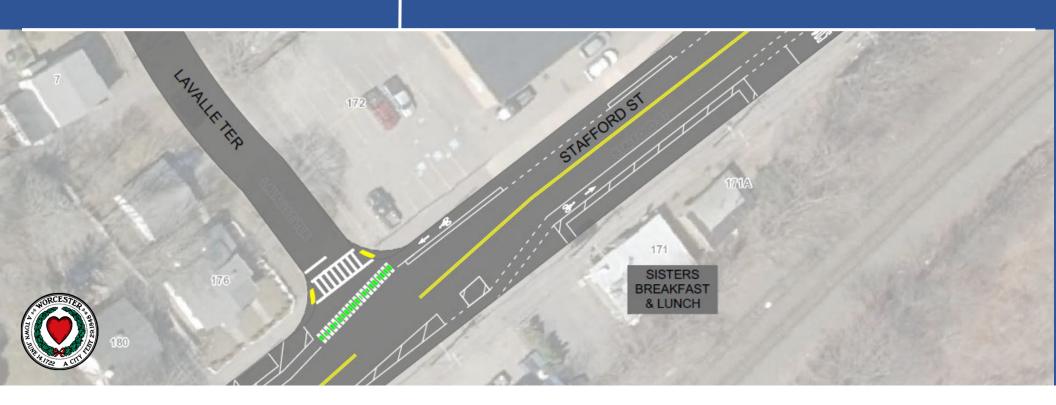






Parking

- Provide on one side
- Marked parking spaces
- Alternates side to side to best match demand.



Bike & Micro-Mobility Accommodations

- 4 Types of People as it relates to biking:
 - Strong and Fearless (<1%), Enthused and Confident (7%), Interested but Concerned (60%), No Way, No How (33%)
- The degree of separation (distance) and physical protection (barriers) between cyclists and moving vehicles directly relates to the safety and comfort of cyclists
- Not a one size fits all, they are context sensitive









Conventional Bike Lanes

Photo: Planetizen

Buffered Bike Lanes
Photo: Boston Magazine

Separated or Protected Bike Lanes

Photos: Kansas City Star (left), Unknown (right)



Bicycle Accommodations

- Door Zone Buffered bicycle lanes with green pavement markings at intersections.
 - 5 ft to 6 ft bike lane width.
 - Buffers 2.5 to 3 ft in door zones.
 - Where space permits, 1.5 to 3.5 ft buffers between bike and travel lanes on non-parking side.



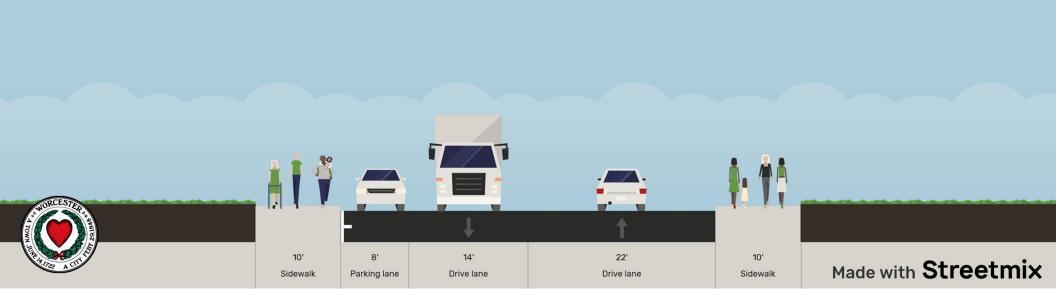






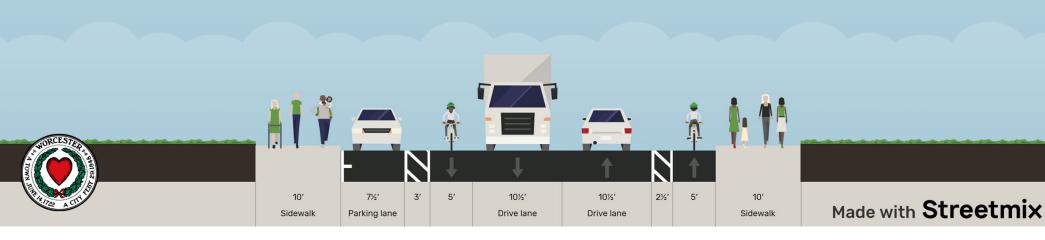
Typical Cross-section
Main St to James St
65 ft right-of-way
44 ft curb to curb

Existing



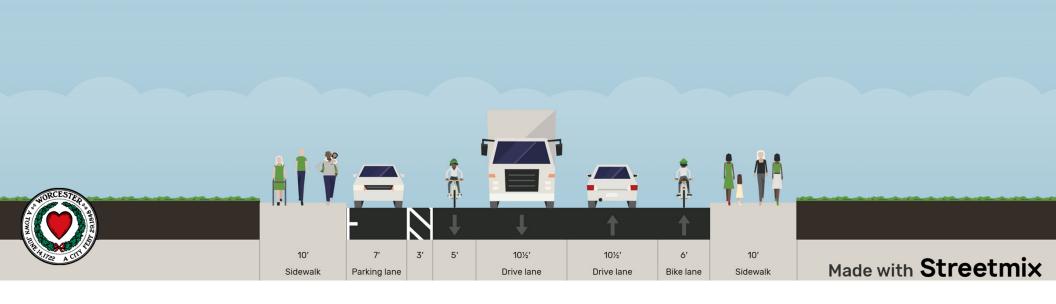
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Proposed



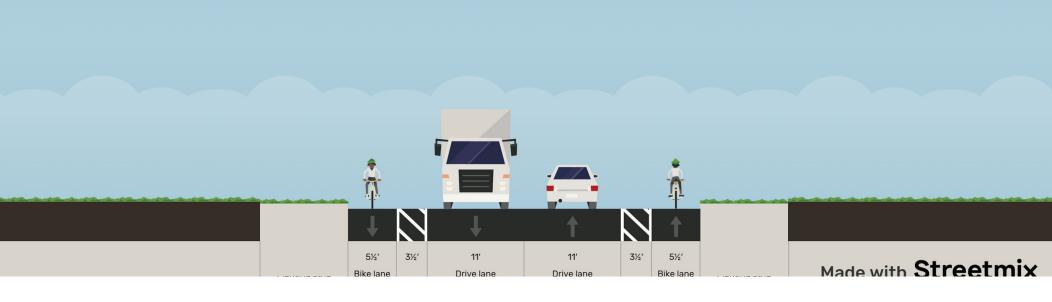
Typical Cross-section
Ludlow St to James St
65 ft right-of-way
42 ft curb to curb

Proposed – Constrained Sections



Typical Cross-section
Leicester to Ludlow St
65 ft right-of-way
42 ft curb to curb

Proposed – Rural Section



Stafford Street Reconstruction and Safety Improvements

Q & A

www.worcesterma.gov/mobility



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